## Cheboyganing Creek Intercounty Drain

Hearing of Necessity September 20<sup>th</sup>, 2021 DOW Event Center











#### Drainage Board Members

- Department of Agricultural and Rural Development Brady L. Harrington, P.E.
  - Saginaw County Public Works Commissioner Brian J. Wendling
  - Bay County Drain Commissioner Michael Rivard
  - Tuscola County Drain Commissioner Robert J. Mantey

#### Agenda

- Drain Background/History of Drain
- Drainage District Review
- Engineering Review
  - Lower Reach of Drain
  - Upper Reach of Drain
  - Easement Review
- Conclusions and Estimate of Cost for Improvements

#### History of Drain

- Established in 1884
- Last major cleanout / reconstruction 1960-1962
- Approximately 15 miles in length
  - Outlet at Saginaw River
  - Upper end at Reese Road
- Land use primarily agricultural, some residential and commercial
- Practicability Hearing was held in 1998
  - Practicability was found and an Engineering Study was completed
- Hearing of Necessity held in 2000
  - Project to improve drain was found not necessary

#### 2000 Engineering Study

- Hydrologic and Hydraulic Analysis
  - Elevation survey completed
  - 10-year design flow rates obtained
  - Lake Huron and Saginaw River water levels reviewed
  - Computer model of drain developed
- Findings
  - Flooding predicted near Portsmouth and Becker Roads
  - Flooding predicted between Wadsworth and M-15
  - Existing bridges adequate to convey 10-year
  - Sediment, erosion and obstructions in drain

#### 2000 Engineering Study

- Engineering Analysis from 2000 Study
  - Dredge lower 4.5 miles between Saginaw River and Portsmouth Rd.
  - Reconstruct upper 10.5 miles from Portsmouth Rd. and M-15
  - Re-establish bottom width
  - Slope banks
  - Clear trees and log jams
  - Install erosion control structures
  - Install berms/dikes near Portsmouth

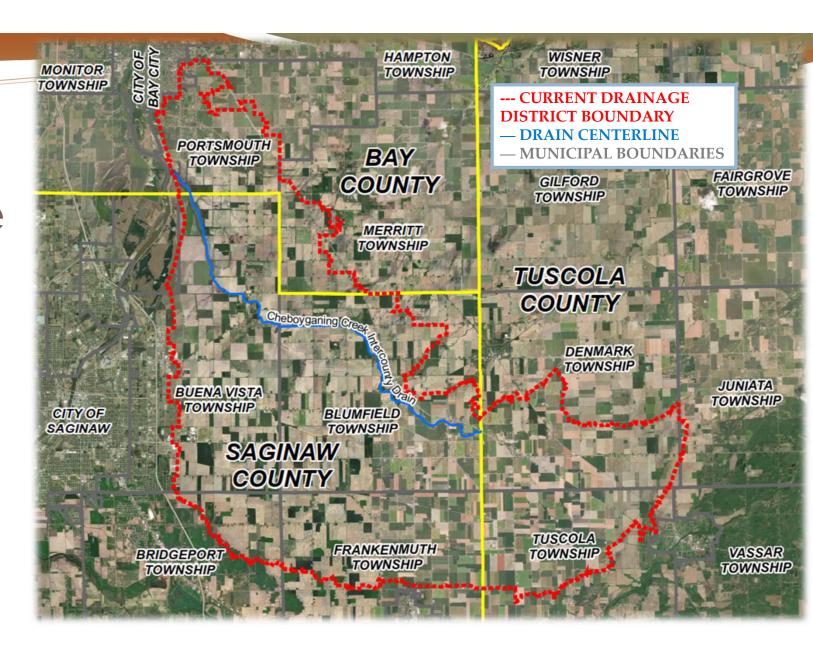
#### 2000 Engineering Study

- Pump Station
  - A study was completed to analyze installing a pump station near the outlet of the Cheboyganing Creek
  - It was determined, at the time, constructing a new pump station was not practical

#### Drainage District

- What is the drainage district?
  - Lands that contributes storm water to drain
  - Drainage District serves as the special assessment district
- Recommending to update drainage district boundary to reflect current drainage patterns for Bay County. Saginaw and Tuscola Counties were revised in 2017.

Current
Drainage
District
Map



### Summary of Acreage in Drainage District

Saginaw County

50,270 +/- Acres

Tuscola County

17,300 +/- Acres

Bay County

9,280 +/- Acres

• TOTAL DISTRICT ACRES

76,850 +/- Acres

• Length of Drain

80,340 Ft.

(15 + Miles)

# Lower Reach Cheboyganing Creek Intercounty Drain

Condition of Lower Cheboyganing Creek



Study Area from Outlet to Becker Road

#### Topographic and Drone Survey

- Survey began April 2020
- Bathymetric survey to collect cross sections
  - Collected near existing cross sections from 2000 study
- Established semi-permanent control
- Performed drone survey of drain corridor
  - Collected high resolution imagery May 2020
  - Created digital surface model



**Drone Aerial** 

#### Topographic Survey

- Drafted plan, profile, and cross sections
- QL2 LiDAR date used to supplemental ground topo
- Cross sections compared 2000 study to 2020 study
- Sediment level increases vary from 0 to 1 foot
- Substantial sediment in drain exists

#### Drone Aerial Analysis

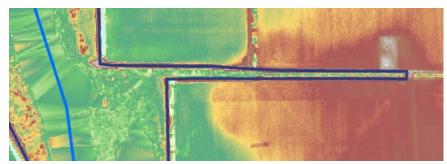
- Reviewed high resolution aerial
- Identified main features
  - Dike alignment
  - Locations of Seepage and Sloughing
  - Pumps, Field Tiles, Tributary Drains
  - Possible Regulated Wetlands

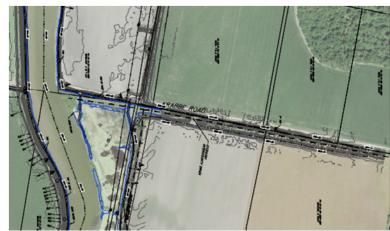




#### Drone Aerial Analysis - Dike Alignment

- Delineated Dikes on Cheyboyganing
  - Left Side 9.8 miles
  - Right Side 6.3 miles
- Tributary Drain Dikes Delineated
  - Countegan Intercounty Drain
  - Fitzhugh Intercounty Drain
  - McArthur Intercounty Drain
  - English Quarterline Drain
  - Weaver Drain
  - Lambert Drain





#### Drone Aerial Analysis

#### Seepage or Sloughing

- 20 areas where seepage was noticeable
- 10 areas of possible sloughing

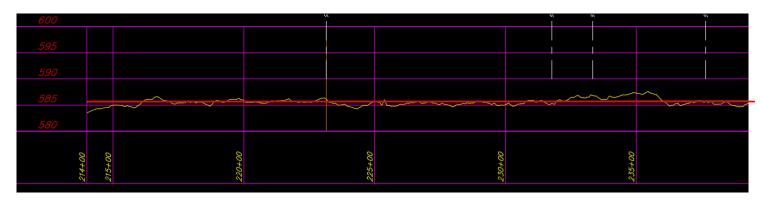


Seepage behind dike

## Saginaw Bay / River Backwater Analysis

#### Dike Level of Service

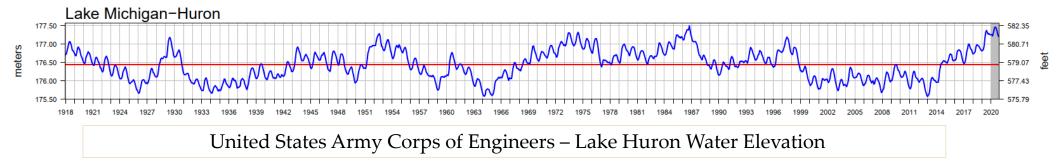
- Created best fit line on both dike alignments
- Elevations reviewed every 500 ft
- Estimated Level of Service ~ 585 ft



Best Fit Line Through Dike Profile

#### Backwater Analysis - Bay Level

- High in 1986 ~ 582.5 NAVD88
- Low in 2013 ~ 576.2 NAVD88



#### Backwater Analysis - Bay Level

- Observed Saginaw River sunny day water level used for analysis 581.3
- Estimated level with wind runup 583.3
- 2019 average 581.3 NAVD88
- All time average 578.9 NAVD88

#### Areas Protected by Dikes



Water Level Area = 581.3 Acres = 2,100



Level with Wind Run up= 583.3 Acres = 4,500



Flood Service Area = 585 Acres = 7,000

#### Backwater Analysis - Floodplain

- Reviewed Bay and Saginaw FEMA flood maps
- Saginaw River FIS study
  - 100 year floodplain elevation 585.9
  - 500 year floodplain elevation 587.0
- The dikes do not protect for the 100-year flood of the Saginaw River



FEMA 100-year vs 500-year floodplain

#### **Base Line Modeling**

#### Model Parameters

- HEC-RAS was used to model the Cheboyganing Creek downstream of Becker Road
- The drain outlet was modeled using the following "sunny day" Saginaw River conditions:
  - Long Term Average Water Level 578.9 feet
  - All-Time High-Water Level 582.4 feet
- Flow rates from EGLE were obtained for four locations on the creek.



**HEC-RAS** Model extents

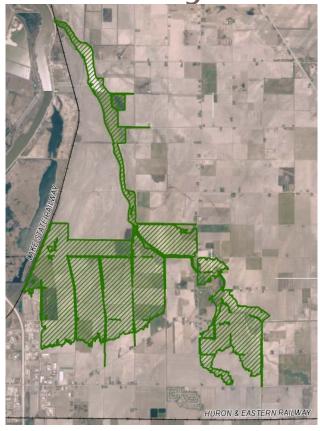
#### Preliminary Model Results

- The model was run for the 10-year flow rates and a flood map was generated in GeoHEC-RAS
  - Scenario 1
    - 10-year storm
    - River is at long time average (578.9 feet)
    - Water elevation @ Portsmouth Road 584.76 Water elevation @ Portsmouth Road 585.16
    - 3,100 acres may flood

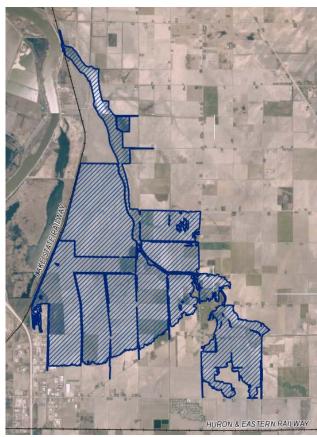
- Scenario 2
  - 10-year storm
  - River is at record high (582.4 feet)

  - 4,600 acres may flood

Preliminary Model Results



Scenario 1



Scenario 2

# Upper Reach Cheboyganing Creek Intercounty Drain

- 2019 Inspection
  - Visually inspected the upper 10.5 miles of the drain from Portsmouth Rd. to M-15.
  - Bank erosion, log jams and overgrowth of trees and brush in the drain right-ofway were observed













#### **Easement Review**

#### Historical Rights of Way

- Reviewed historical Right-of-Way documents to determine where right-of-way is available and how wide it is
- Easements ranged from 1903 to 1959
- 128 Parcels were identified from historical Right-of-Way and Condemnation documents

#### Preliminary Conclusions

- Initial Dike Condition Assessment
  - Dike requires maintenance to address sloughing, seepage, low spots, and steep slopes
  - 1957 plans illustrate existing dike was enlarged with dredge material. Only shows dike on one side.
- Dike Service Level
  - Cheboyganing Creek dike elevation appears to have been intended to provide service for 10-year event
  - In most areas, the top of dike elevation is adequate
    - Some low spots exist on dike and inlet tributary drain dikes
  - Dike system appears to provide protection to approximately 7,000 acres at Elev. 585

#### Preliminary Conclusions

- Modeling
  - Various Saginaw River elevations were simulated
  - Out of bank flooding occurs near Portsmouth during 10-year event
  - Tributary Drains (McArthur and Weaver) appear to have low areas in dikes which result in additional flooding
- Upper Reach of Drain contains the following deficiencies:
  - Bank erosion
  - Log jams
  - Overgrowth of trees and brush

#### Preliminary Conclusions

- Initial opinion of areas to be evaluated for maintenance improvements
  - Maintenance, repairs, and/or reconstruction of dikes
  - Sediment removal
  - Vegetation control
  - Erosion control

#### Planning Level Cost Estimate

- Dike maintenance/improvement 16 miles (lower end of drain)
  - Dike repairs, realignments, & extensions
  - Wetland mitigation
  - Erosion Control
- Channel Maintenance 10 miles (upper end of drain)
  - Tree and debris removal
  - Erosion control
  - Sediment bar removal
- Estimated Cost: \$20 to \$30 Million
  - Includes construction, engineering, financing and legal costs

#### Public Testimony

- Fill out speaker cards
- State name and relation to proposed project
- Be specific, focus on necessity questions
- Leave copy of materials, if any, with Board

#### Next Steps, If Determined Necessary

- Final Engineering and Project Scoping
- Obtain Easements required for construction
- Coordination and Permitting with impacted utilities and governmental agencies:
  - EGLE, USACE, MDNR, MDOT, Townships, Road Commissions, Utility Companies
- Bid Letting phase

#### Next Steps, If Determined Not Necessary

- No further action on current petition
- Subsequent petitions may be filed
- Cost incurred to date will be assessed

### Board Deliberation & Necessity Decision

• Decide if it is necessary to move forward with a project on the Cheboyganing Creek Intercounty Drain

#### Appeal

• Any person feeling aggrieved by the determination of necessity or no necessity for the project may institute an action in County Circuit Court within **10 days** after the determination by the Board.