## Gage Drain and Pumping Station

#### **Board of Determination**

Buena Vista Community Center
December 6, 2016
6:30 PM



**Brian J. Wendling** 

Saginaw County Public Works Commissioner

### Meeting Agenda

- Introduction
- Opening of Board of Determination Meeting
- ... Outline of the Board of Determination Procedure
- v. Engineer's Review
- v. Public Testimony (3 minutes per person.)
- vi. Vote of Board of Determination
- VII. Appeal Procedures and Closing Comments
- VIII. Adjournment



### Description of Drain Process

- Landowner Petition (Requires min. 5 signatures)
- Municipality Petition
- Board of Determination Board is Impartial Parties appointed by Mr. Brian Wendling
- Board Votes after reviewing presentation and hearing public testimony.
  - If Vote Yes = Move forward with a project (typically hire engineering firm to survey/engineer/bid/construct). Final project costs determined after bids received for construction.
  - $\blacksquare$  If Vote No = No work completed on the drain.



### Role of the B.O.D.

- The Board of Determination's role is to make two decisions:
  - Whether a project is necessary based on public health, welfare or convenience.
  - Whether a portion of the cost is to be assessed atlarge to the municipalities for benefit to public health.

### Role of B.O.D. (cont.)

- The Board of Determination DOES NOT decide:
  - The scope of the project
  - The cost of the project
  - How much property owners and municipalities are assessed for the project

Information on these topics will be made available at a later date. Please see a member of the Public Works Commissioner's staff after the meeting if you have questions.

### **Public Comment**

- □ Please fill out a comment card.
- The speaking order will be on a first come, first served basis.
- State your full name and address. Spell your last name for the court reporter.
- Limit comments to 3 minutes.

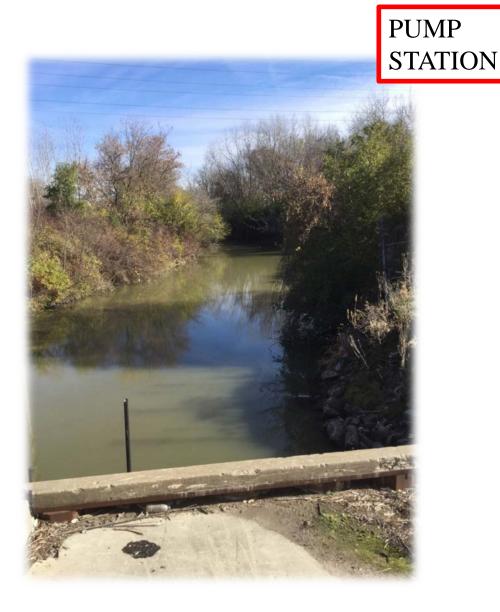


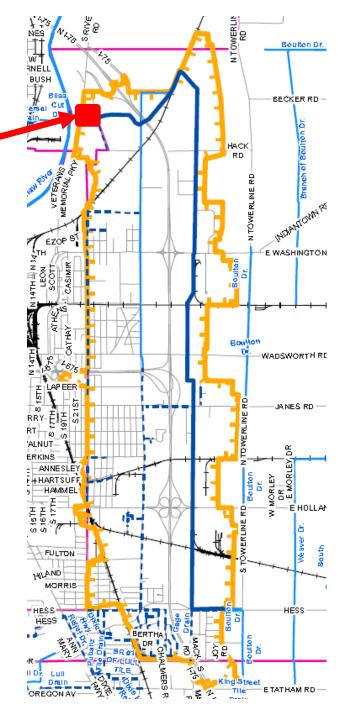
## Public Comment (cont.)

- Briefly state your position on the petition for the Gage Drain and Gage Pumping Station. For example: "I support the petition for because . . ." or "I oppose the petition for the because . . . ."
- Remember to stay on topic! Comments for tonight's meeting are limited to the current petition for the Gage Drain and Gage Pumping Station only.
- The Public Works Commissioner's staff will gladly speak with you on other topics after the conclusion of tonight's meeting.



## Drainage District







### Drainage District & Drain Facts

- Gage Drain and Pumping Station
  - Pump Station is Located at the Gage Drain's Outlet into the Saginaw River
  - Gage Drain is approximately 7.4 Miles (39,015 Feet) Long
  - Watershed area: 4,512 acres
- What is the drainage district?
  - Lands that contribute storm water to drain
  - Drainage District serves as the special assessment district
  - Gage Drain and Pumping Station Drainage District includes portions of:
    - Buena Vista Charter Township, City of Saginaw, Zilwaukee Township
    - M.D.O.T.
    - Saginaw County
    - 2 Railroad Companies
    - Landowners Approximately 3,329 parcels

### **Drain Facts continued**

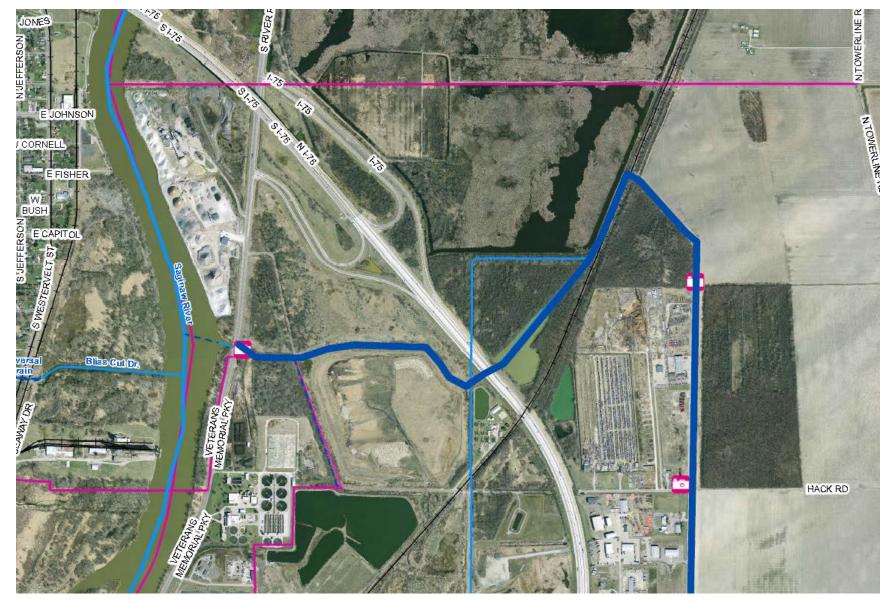
- The Gage Drain was established in 1879. It was cleaned out via petition in 1902, 1910, 1916, 1958, and 1969.
- The Pump Station was constructed at the end of the Gage, Koehler & Dieckman Drains in 1947.
- A resolution was passed on January 19, 2016 by the Buena Vista Charter Township Board authorizing the supervisor to execute a petition for maintenance and improvement of the Gage Drain (including the Pumping Station).
  - The current petition was filed on September 15, 2016 by Buena Vista Charter Township. The petition was signed by the Supervisor and Clerk.

### Drain Inspection

- On November 9, 2016 an engineering field review of the Drain was completed as a result of the petition filed with the Public Works Commissioner. The following was observed:
  - □ The drain flows through a heavy industrial area, along with agricultural and rural residential areas.
  - Many reaches of the drain have a low flow channel with sediment bars.
  - Minimal bank erosion was evident from the road crossings.
  - Portions of the drain are heavily wooded, with some deadfall/log jams noted.
  - Portions of the drain appear to be in good shape.



## Location Map – Drain Inspection



### Looking Upstream (East) from the Pump Station



Looking Downstream (North) from Farm Crossing



Looking Upstream (South) from Farm Crossing



## Looking Downstream (North) from Hack Road



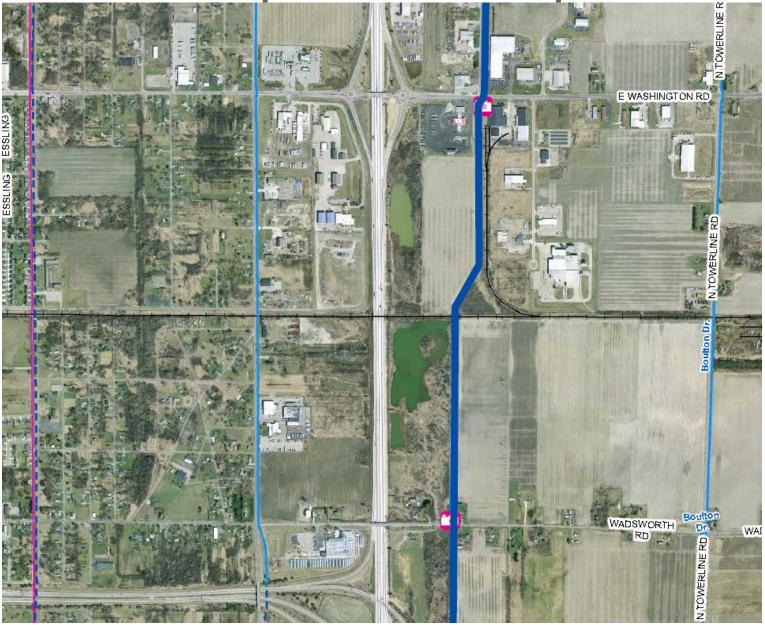
Looking Upstream (South) from Hack Road



#### Hack Road – South End of Culvert Crossing



Location Map - Drain Inspection



Looking Downstream (North) from Washington Road



Upstream (South) side of Washington Road



## Looking Downstream (North) from Wadsworth Road

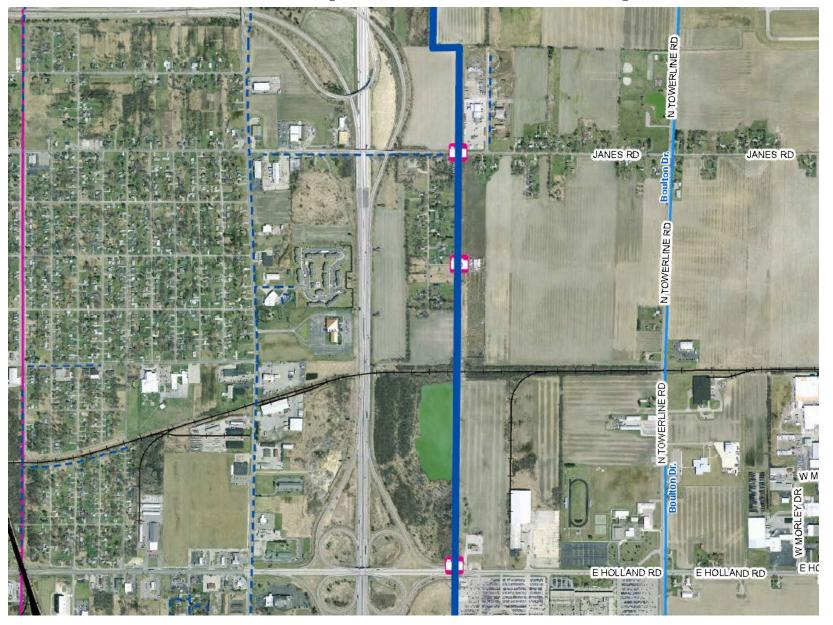


## Looking Upstream (South) from Wadsworth Road





## Location Map - Drain Inspection



# Looking Downstream (North) from Janes Road



# Looking Upstream (South) from Janes Road



Looking Downstream (North) from Bondalyn Road



Looking Upstream (South) from Bondalyn Road



## Looking Downstream (North) from Holland Road



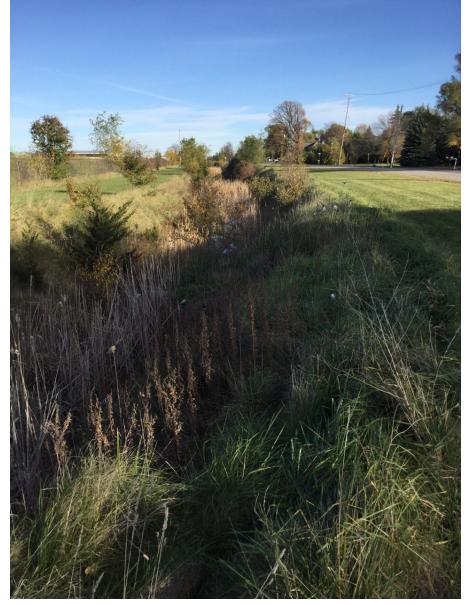
#### Downstream (North) End Holland Road



# Looking Downstream (North) from Hess Road (Nexteer)



Looking Upstream (East) Along Hess Road



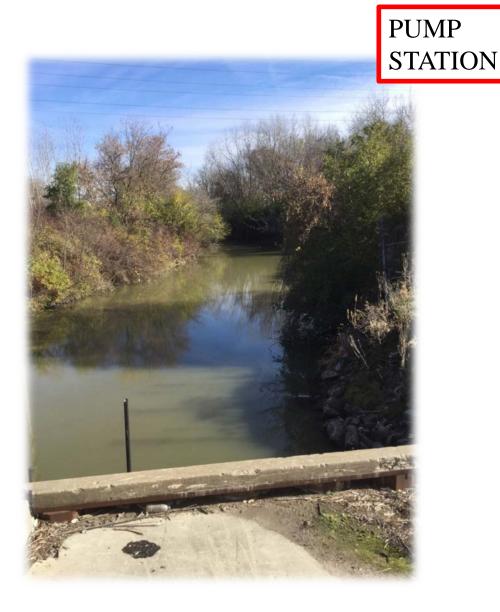


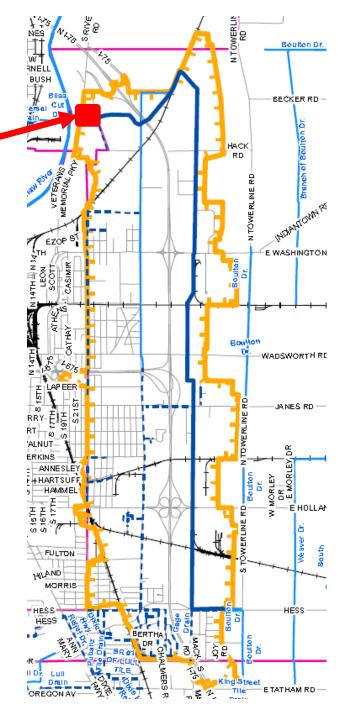
## Drain Inspection - Summary

- □ The drain flows through a heavy industrial area, along with agricultural and rural residential areas.
- Many reaches of the drain have a low flow channel with sediment bars.
- Minimal bank erosion was evident from the road crossings.
- Portions of the drain are heavily wooded, with some deadfall/log jams noted.
- Portions of the drain appear to be in good shape.



## Drainage District







## Gage Pumping Station - History

- Originally constructed in 1947
  - Intended for flood protection
  - 2 large pumps installed in 1947
    - 3rd pump installed at later date
    - Axial Flow Pumps with 100 H.P. Motors
    - Rated at 26,000 28,000 gallons per minute (GPM) each
  - No gravity discharge to Saginaw River (box culvert under M-13 to Saginaw River is too high to allow flow out)
  - Flap gates to prevent Saginaw River backflow when river elevation is high
  - Bar screen to collect trash and debris



### Pipe Under M-13 to Saginaw River



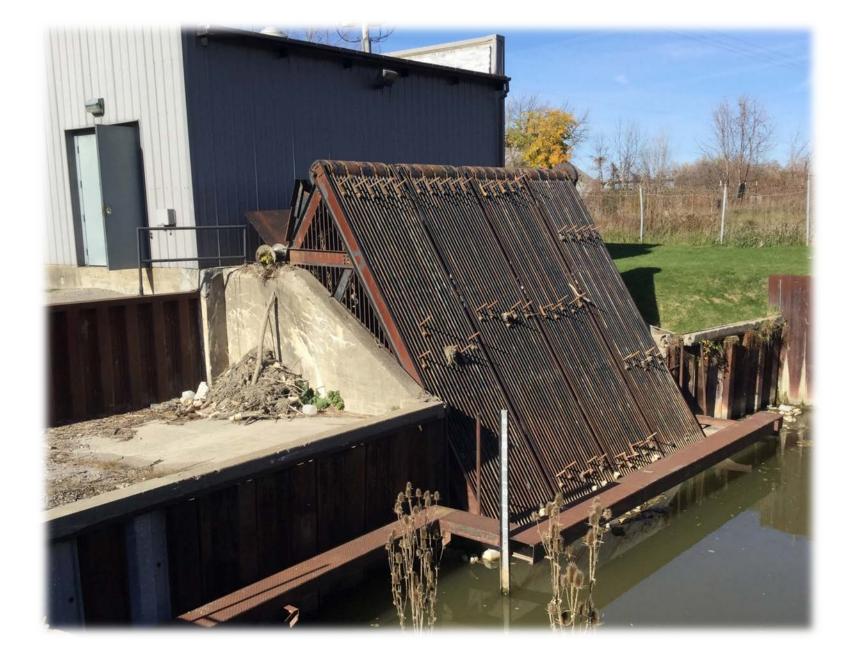


### Flap Gates to prevent back flow from Saginaw River





### Trash Rack at outlet of the Gage Drain to the Pump Station





## Gage Pumping Station

#### 1983 upgrades

- Rebuilt existing pumps
  - Re-worked impellers, new bearings and new pump shafts. Sand blasted and painted
- Rebuilt existing electric motors
- Replaced rusted discharge pipes

#### Other upgrades

- Approximately 1985 Added self cleaning trash rack to replace bar screen
- Mid 1990's added sheeting to outside of building



### **Discharge Pipes**

 In 1983, the discharge pipes through the pump station were replaced.





### Added Sheeting to Outside of the Building in the Mid-1990s











## Gage Pumping Station

#### Recent problems

- Trash rack regularly breaks (chains are stretched & rusted)
- No. 3 pump is out of rotation. Bearings are worn way out of tolerance.
- Poor access to pumps roof is tongue & groove lumber with metal I-beams and a Duralast rubber roof.
- Past motor and starter failures

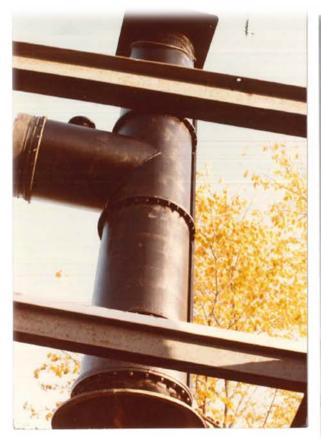


# Roof – No easy way to remove pumps















# Pumping Station — Inventory/Summary

- Facility roof needs to be updated in order to be able to efficiently remove the pumps.
- The pumps have reached the end of their design life
- The trash rack has reached the end of its design life
- The overall facility is in need of safety improvements
- There is no backup power source
- The controls and the alarm equipment are outdated.
- Freeze prevention system needs to be updated to be more efficient (need to keep water inside of the pump from freezing to allow the pump to operate)



### Pumping Station - Inventory

- The following components of the pumping station were reviewed:
  - Pumps
  - Trash Rack
  - Controls
  - Monitoring Capabilities
  - Site Lighting and Safety
  - General Facility Conditions



### Pumping Station - Inventory

- Power Source
  - No Backup Power Source is available in case of an emergency
- Pumps
  - Pump Nos. 1 & 3 are approximately 68 years old. Age of Pump No. 2 is unknown, but it is a newer model than the others.
  - Pump Nos. 1 & 2 have approximately 9,500 hours, while Pump No. 3 has approximately 8,500 hours since 1983.
  - Recent problems include:
    - Pump number 3 was taken out of circulation in 2014 due to excessive bearings wear





Pumps 1 & 3 are original. Pump 2 is newer model.



- Trash Rack (approximately 31 years old)
  - Existing trash rack is in poor condition
    - $\blacksquare$  Only 2/3 of cleaning mechanism functions properly
    - Excessive rusting and corrosion
    - Frequent breakage and failure
    - Difficult to repair due to very limited availability of replacement parts due to age
    - Frequently requires manual cleaning due to poor operation
    - No lifting device is present to aid in the removal of large debris
    - Requires manual operation





Trash Rack – Installed 1985







Trash Rack: Debris Pit
Costly to remove debris. Trash must
be separated, loaded into a dump
truck, and hauled away.



Trash Rack: Chains



#### Controls

Existing pump controlsare automated but outdated.





#### Controls

Existing switch gear controls are original.(Also called Pump Starters)





Monitoring Capabilities

Pump Station has auto-dialer to alert operator when power goes out

No remote monitoring capabilities of equipment are

installed





- Site Lighting and Safety
  - Safety in and around pump station needs to be brought up to today's standards (vs 1950's standards).
  - Existing lighting does not meet current standards and presents potential safety risk to operators
  - Fall prevention system not present on trash rack
    - No hand railing along cat walk in front
    - No hand railing along headwalls
  - Ventilation system is not operating as originally intended
  - No railings/permanent ladder present on roof for use during pump removal operations





Pump Station Interior Lighting





Pump Station Exterior Lighting





No Fall Prevention System at Trash Rack





No Fall Prevention System at Discharge Pipes



- General Facility Conditions
  - Existing concrete is damaged at various locations
  - Soil erosion around existing facilities is present at various locations
  - Perimeter security fence at pump station is degraded
  - Freeze prevention system needs to be updated to be more efficient (need to keep water inside of the pump from freezing to allow the pump to operate)





Trash Pit: Damaged Concrete





Soil Erosion Near Trash Pit





Wet Well – Problems with pumps freezing, confined space entry required to access, and no safety railings



### Pumping Station - Review/Summary

- Facility roof needs to be updated in order to be able to efficiently remove the pumps.
- The pumps have reached the end of their design life
- The trash rack has reached the end of its design life
- The overall facility is in need of safety improvements
  - Lighting
  - Hand Rails
  - Ventilation
  - □ Fall Prevention
- There is no backup power source

# Pumping Station - Review/Summary

- The controls and the alarm equipment are outdated.
  - Requires someone on-site to know status
    - □Typically at 3 times a week, or more depending on weather and/or ice conditions
  - No alarms other than lost power
- Freeze prevention system needs to be updated to be more efficient (need to keep water inside of the pump from freezing to allow the pump to operate)

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